Study PRO-101: Experience implementing an ALS community advisory board in early phase drug development

Margot Shanahan^{1,2}; Gwen Petersen³; Greg Bauer³; Michele Stellato³; Layne Oliff³; Joey Porrello³; Gretchen Roy³; Nadia Sethi³; Jinsy Andrews³; April Ruby¹; Hilde Williams¹; Valerie Estess²; Erin Fleming¹

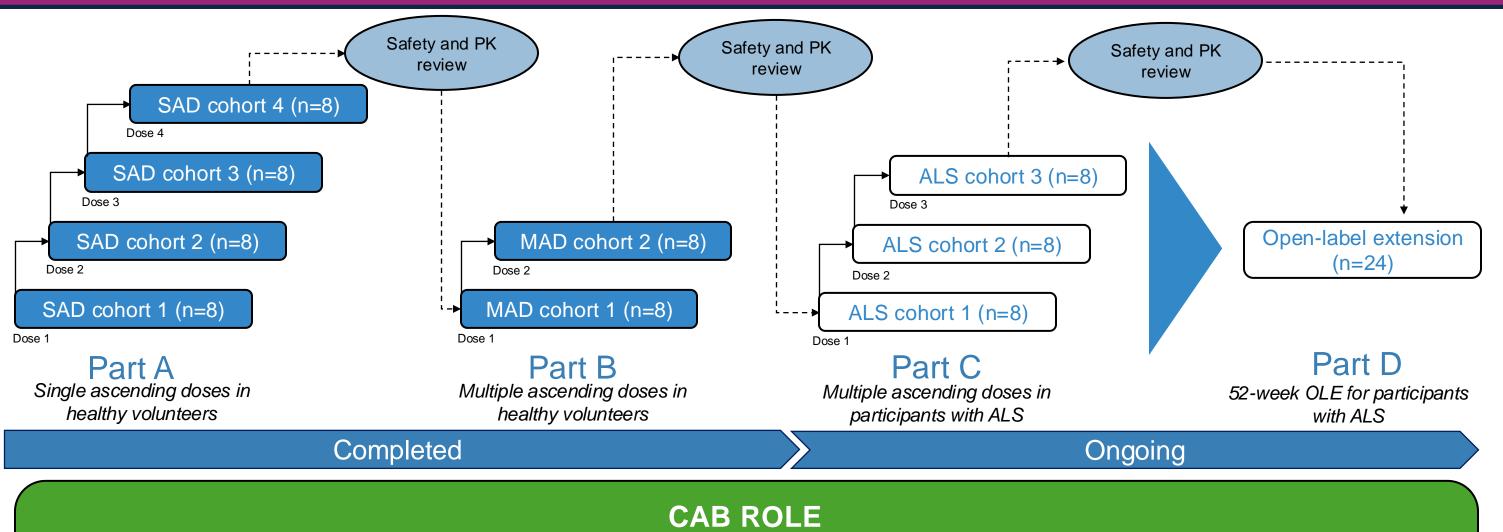
1. ProJenX, New York, NY | 2. Project ALS, New York, NY | 3. ProJenX Community Advisory Board, New York, NY | 4. Columbia University, New York, NY

ProJenX

Background

- ProJenX is developing prosetin, a novel, specific, highly potent, CNS-penetrant MAP4K inhibitor, for ALS¹.
- In preclinical models of ALS, prosetin protects motor neurons against endoplasmic reticulum stress and other well-established drivers of ALS disease pathology^{1,2}.
- We are evaluating the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics, and pharmacodynamics of prosetin in healthy volunteers and people living with ALS in the Phase 1 clinical trial PRO-101 (NCT05279755).
 - Parts A and B, which respectively evaluated the safety, tolerability, and PK of single and multiple (14-day) ascending doses of prosetin in healthy volunteers, have been completed.
 - Part C, a randomized, placebo-controlled, multiple (14-day) ascending dose study in people living with ALS, and Part D, an optional 52-week open label extension for participants who complete Part C, is enrolling at sites in Europe and Canada.
- ProJenX formed a Community Advisory Board (CAB) to provide guidance and expertise from those with lived experience for PRO-101.

PRO-101 Study Design





Following pre-IND regulatory feedback which necessitated a single dose portion of PRO-101, CAB recommended hybrid study that would enroll people with ALS at a multiple-dose stage, preferably including a long-term OLE.



Greg Bauer ALS gene carrier Collegeville, PA



Dx PLS in 2017, ALS in 2020 Plainfield, NJ



Gwen Petersen Dx ALS in 2018 Southport, CT



ProJenX Community Advisory Board

Joseph Porrello Dx ALS in 2022 Las Vegas, NV



Gretchen Roy ALS caregiver Wichita, KS

ProJenX CAB Founding Principles

3. Transparent Communication

The CAB has access to all core program / study documents and is updated with all key program milestones, including positive news and challenges.



Michele Stellato Dx ALS in 2020 Nutley, NJ

 $\langle 0 \rangle$

4. Active Role ProJenX endeavors to incorporate CAB recommendations into the prosetin development program wherever possible.

1. Formed at Inception No decision has been made in the prosetin preclinical or clinical development program without CAB input.

2. Board Diversity

The CAB includes a diversity of ALS experiences and disease stages, from gene carriers to those living with ALS and caregivers.

Key Endpoints: PRO-101 Parts C and D

Primary Endpoint	Secondary Endpoint
 Safety and tolerability of prosetin for people living with ALS 	Plasma and cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) pharmacokinetics of prosetin following multiple doses
Exploratory Endpoints	

- MAP4K target engagement biomarkers in peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs)
- Biomarkers in plasma and CSF: neurodegeneration (neurofilament levels), panel of neuroinflammatory

Study Status and Timeline

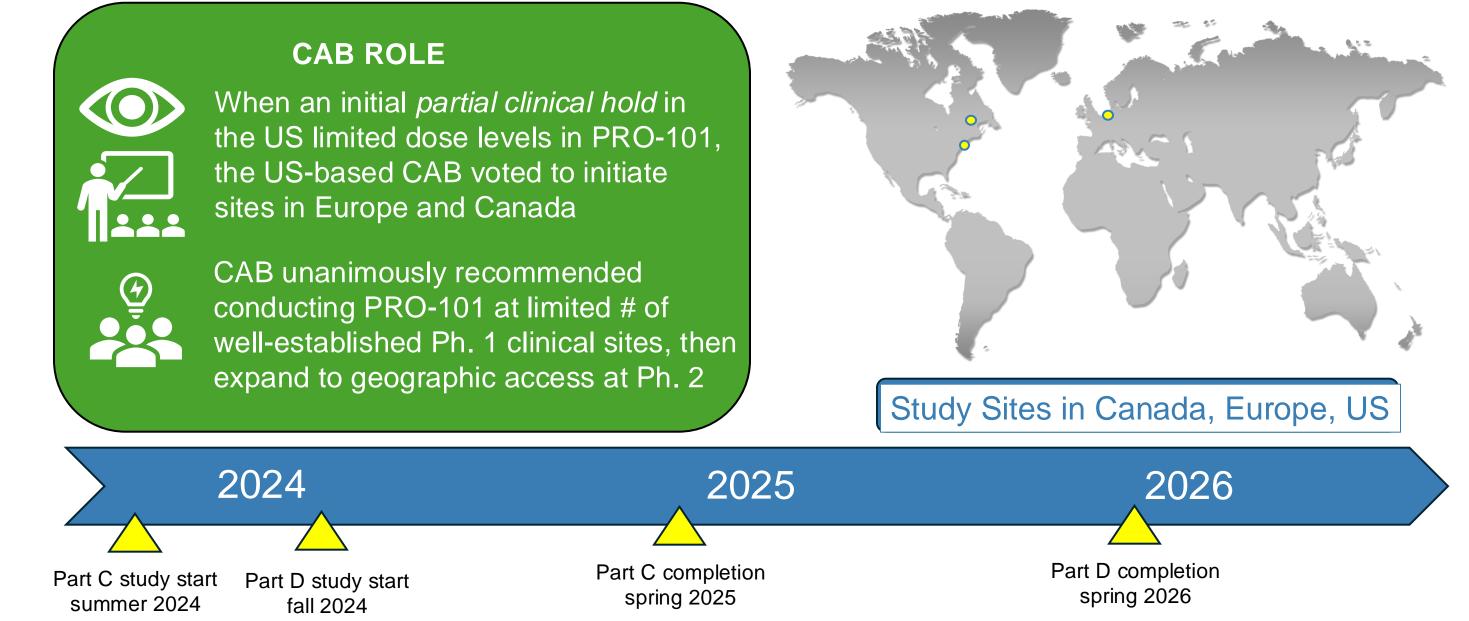
Nadia Sethi

ALS caregiver

Camarillo, CA



When an initial *partial clinical hold* in the US-based CAB voted to initiate sites in Europe and Canada

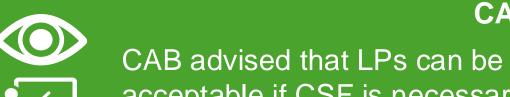


markers)

Clinical outcomes: ALSFRS-R, Slow vital capacity, ALSAQ-5 Digital twin AI analyses (collaboration with Unlearn)

acceptable if CSF is necessary for

more robust scientific readout



CAB ROLE

CAB provided recommendations for LP best practices, including insights from members' own experience and existing community resources

CAB Recommendations and Considerations



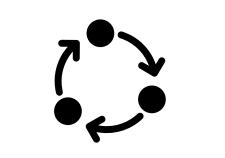
1. Transparency Set clear expectations for: (1) CAB role: what is the scope of the board? What can the board change? (2) Development program: advisors need to understand potential risks (regulatory challenges, safety risks, etc.) to give effective input.



2. Leveraging Community Experience ProJenX community advisors bring concrete expertise to their role. Integrating best practices—and avoiding worst practices—based on advisors' extensive clinical research experience can improve recruitment, retention, and quality of data in ALS clinical studies.



3. Education Removing the "black box" feeling of drug development is essential for advisors to be effective. The CAB should be able to understand the scientific rationale behind eligibility criteria, study procedures, etc., in PRO-101 in order to advocate more broadly. Education builds trust.



4. Regular Updates & Meetings The CAB meets biannually, and ad-hoc meetings are held to discuss emerging data and events. To ensure accessibility, meetings are held virtually and are 60-90 minutes long. Meetings are recorded, with opportunities to provide written feedback if attendance is not possible.



5. Integration with ProJenX Team Community advice should be heard beyond a patient advocacy team. To ensure that CAB advice is integrated into the prosetin development program, CAB meetings include the ProJenX CEO, scientific founders, and regulatory and clinical consultants as relevant.

PRO-101 Interim Data: Parts A and B

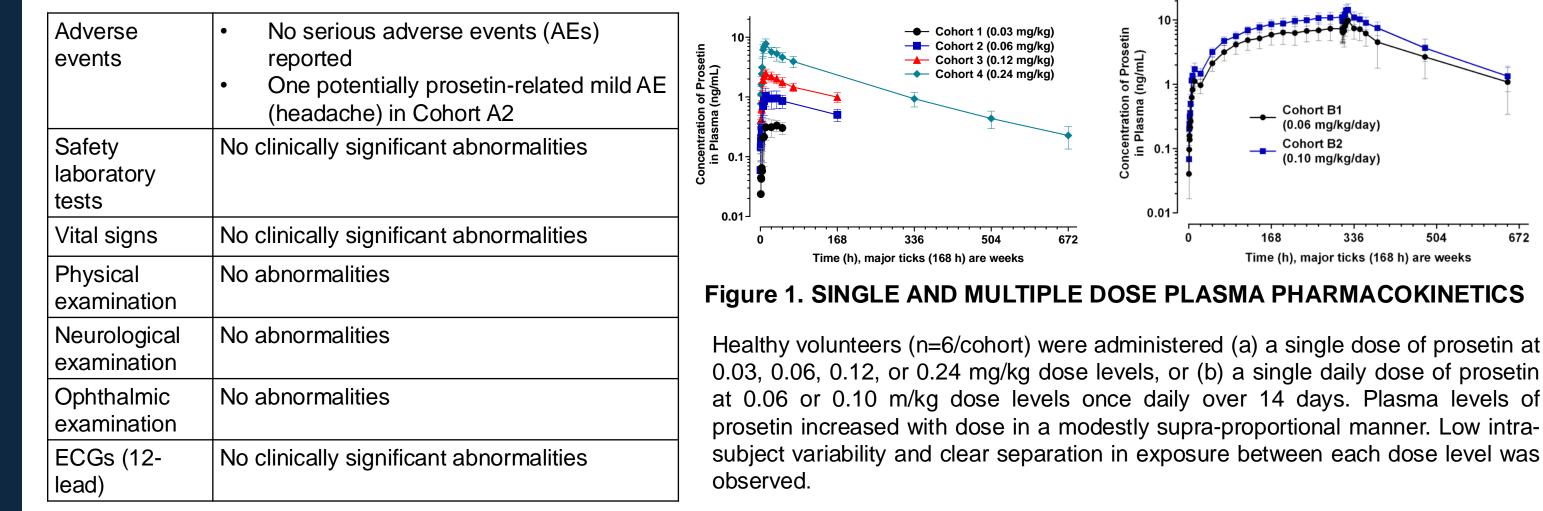
To date, 48 healthy volunteers have completed study PRO-101. Of these, 36 received either single or multiple doses of prosetin. No participants discontinued the trial prematurely.

Discussion and Future Directions

• PRO-101 is a hybrid Phase 1 clinical trial designed to assess the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics, and pharmacodynamics of prosetin in healthy volunteers and people living with ALS. In doses studied to date,

Safety assessments, which were performed at pre-specified timepoints throughout the study, are summarized in Table 1. Single and multiple dose pharmacokinetic data is summarized in Figure 1.

Table 1. SAFETY ASSESSMENTS: PARTS A AND B



CAB ROLE



CAB reviewed this data in real-time alongside ProJenX team and scientific/clinical advisors, to fully understand the drug profile prior to people living with ALS being treated with prosetin.

- prosetin is safe and well-tolerated, with a predictable and consistent pharmacokinetic profile.
- The ProJenX CAB has provided concrete feedback to help steer critical decisions in the phase development of prosetin.
- As the prosetin clinical development program continues, ProJenX will grow the CAB to integrate new perspectives, including the addition of members from geographic regions beyond the United States.
- A formal CAB that provides regular review and feedback can be efficient, effective, and can help overcome challenges along the drug development pathway. Future drug development programs would benefit from early partnership with a CAB.

Acknowledgements and Disclosures

ProJenX thanks the participants in PRO-101 and the ALS community members who have guided the development of prosetin.

Preclinical development of prosetin was supported by Project ALS and the U.S. Department of Defense (W81XWH2110370) and conducted at the Project ALS Therapeutics Core.

EF is an employee and shareholder of ProJenX. VE is a Board Director at ProJenX. MS, AR, and HW are consultants to ProJenX. GB is an advisor to Abbvie. NS is a consultant to Biogen, Cytokinetics, Sanofi, ALS TDI, Ionis, and Merck, and is past employee of ALS TDI. JA has participated on an advisory board for ProJenX, Neurosense, and Akava, a previous consultant to Biogen, Amylyx, Cytokinetics, Appellis, Wave, and Revalasio, and declares research funding (paid to their institution) from Biogen, Cytokinetics, Amylyx, Prilenia, Denali, and Calico.

